

The True Northerner.

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

Values on the New York Stock Exchange are slowly crumbling away, and every day recruits are added to the army of bankrupted speculators. There are no indications of support to the market by the Vanderbilt.

Mike Cleary met Sheriff, "the Prussian," at Philadelphia, with soft gloves, and in one minute and five seconds after the fight began Sheriff lay unconscious, having been prostrated by a sledge-like blow from his opponent.

The Erie County Savings bank of Erie, Pa., whose President got involved by heavy oil speculations and absconded, has closed its doors, with liabilities of \$300,000.

By a collision of Pan-Handle trains, forty miles from Pittsburgh, a commercial traveler from East Dubuque, named D. Bartholomew, was killed, and five others were injured.

Owing to a continued run by depositors, the Penn Bank, of Pittsburgh, closed its doors last week. The capital is \$250,000. The latest statement showed loans and discounts of \$1,067,000 and deposits of \$2,187,000. Distrust was caused by rumors that oil brokers had been allowed to overdraw their accounts, causing the withdrawal of nearly \$500,000 within five days.

Ferdinand Ward, of the firm of Grant & Ward, was arrested in New York on the application of City Chamberlain J. Nelson Tappan, who claims that the firm owes him \$300,000. Bail was fixed at \$300,000.

The Fifth Avenue Hotel at New York has been mortgaged by Ames R. Eno for \$1,200,000.

The Penn Bank of Pittsburgh, after a suspension of twenty-four hours, reopened its doors with \$600,000 cash on the counters.

Charles A. Hinckley, paying teller of the West Side Bank, of New York, has embezzled \$96,000 and disappeared.

The Trustees of the Le Moyne Crematorium, at Washington, Pa., announce that after Aug. 1 the bodies of none but residents of the county will be received for incineration, the furnace having already served its purpose of educating public sentiment.

Joseph B. McDonald, a lumberman of Woburn, Mass., has assigned. The liabilities are placed at \$125,000.

It is stated that \$8,000,000 in gold was sent by the Bank of Montreal, Canada, to New York during the recent financial troubles.

WESTERN.

A farmer near Woonsocket, Dakota, has since November lost 97 out of a herd of 200 cattle, from what is pronounced by an English immigrant as foot-and-mouth disease.

Indignation prevails at Columbus, Ohio, regarding the scenes witnessed there over a Sunday base ball game. Excursionists numbering 2,000 came to the city, drank freely, and drove furiously through the town accompanied by abandoned women. The papers are united in their condemnation of the riotous doings, and efforts will be made to prevent Sunday games in future.

The balance sheet of the Cincinnati dramatic festival shows a deficiency of \$12,700, and an assessment of 20 per cent. has been made on the guarantors.

In licensing a saloon at Watseka, Ill., after a drought of seven years, the authorities provided that there should be no tables or chairs in the room, and no screens or curtains to obstruct the view from the street.

Cheyenne (Wyo.) dispatch: "Two men arrived here from Sabille County, eighty-five miles north of here, with the body of George Metcalf in their possession. Metcalf, while at dinner, had got into a dispute with William Maloney, when the latter shot him dead. Maloney was arrested, and on the way was captured by a mob, who lynched him."

At a hospital in Kansas City an insane negro attacked two patients with a knife and made an attempt to burn the building. He then assaulted Steward Winfrey, who killed him in self defense.

Floyd L. Majors, convicted of complicity in the murder of W. P. Bowdoin and Archibald McIntyre, in Santa Clara County, Cal., over a year ago, was hanged at San Francisco last week.

President Endicott, of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company, has resigned. Elijah Smith has been elected his successor.

Crop reports from various points in Dakota indicate a very encouraging condition of things for the farmers. The seedling time was most favorable and was largely availed of. A large acreage has been seeded, and all the conditions so far are favorable to a bountiful harvest.

Kaufmann, Cohn & Co., wholesale milliners at St. Louis, are financially embarrassed. Liabilities about \$15,000.

In a farm house eight miles from Portsmouth, Ohio, Samuel Ockerman, his wife, and eldest daughter were burned to death after six small children had been rescued.

The vault of the City Clerk of East St. Louis was entered by amateur burglars, who broke a hole through a brick wall twenty inches thick. About \$30,000 worth of city scrip and \$1,000 or more in cash were taken.

The Vandall Road, having built an extension to Plymouth, Ind., has arranged to run into Michigan City over the Wabash track.

The Rev. Dr. Worthington, of Detroit, was elected Episcopal Bishop of Nebraska by the council of that diocese.

About 100 fine specimens of Southern birds were captured in two nights at Winona, Minn., after being dazed by the electric light.

Nicholas Pauley's frame house in Clyde, near Fort Huron, Mich., was destroyed by fire. Two children, aged 11 and 8, perished in the flames.

A freight train on the Burlington Road, each car of which is supplied with air brakes, passed through Nebraska at the rate of twenty-seven miles an hour, and the officials pronounce the experiment a successful one.

The body of Lulla Dyke, a 6-year-old girl residing near Hilldale, Mich., was found on the roadway, the head having been crushed to a jelly with stones. David Stone, her uncle, has been arrested for rape and murder.

The Dakota Supreme Court has decided that the Capital Commission was validly organized, reversing Judge E. Edgerton's decision in the District Court. An appeal was taken to the United States Supreme Court, and until the latter's decision is rendered the capital will remain at Yankton.

Major Dewees telegraphs from Fort Reno that he has arrested thirty-five intruders in Indian Territory, and many more are on their way. He has asked for two troops of cavalry from Fort Sill, as the invaders made serious resistance to Lieut. Day.

SOUTHERN.

Col. L. E. Edwards, a well-known Texas real estate operator, died at Galveston, as the result of a knife-thrust received in an encounter with J. L. Wrenn.

Lewisburg (Ark.) telegram: "The boiler in W. C. Stout's grist-mill, on Pettit Creek, exploded to-day. Frank Weaver, engineer, and Capt. A. B. Thompson were instantly killed, the body of the latter being thrown one hundred feet, and of every particle of clothing. An 8-year-old son of Mr. Weaver has since died of his injuries. Ben Howard was also fatally injured, and E. C. Hopkins was severely scalded."

Harrodsburg (Ky.) dispatch: A case of wholesale poisoning by hemlock took place near this place. Eighteen boys after playing a game of base ball started in search of wild parsnips, but got hold of the deadly hemlock instead. The boys ate freely, and all were taken violently ill. Two died almost immediately; five are in a critical condition, and not expected to live. The others are suffering more or less from the poison.

A cattle-raiser of Texas, who has just made a tour of the stock region, estimates the drive for the season at half a million head.

Mr. E. G. Peyton, Chancellor of the Ninth District of Mississippi, has decided that the railroad law in the case of the Natchez, Jackson and Columbus Railroad vs. The State recently passed by the Legislature of Mississippi is unconstitutional. The law sought to interfere with the assumed right of the company to fix passenger and freight rates. Mr. Peyton thinks that this is contrary to the law as laid down in the celebrated Dartmouth College case. The legislative charter to the railroad, he says, is a contract which cannot be abrogated or amended by subsequent legislation.

Thomas H. Smith, 72 years old, deacon in the First Street Christian Church at Baltimore, has been expelled from membership for fishing a dollar from the contribution box.

H. C. Blanchard, of Richmond, Va., a coffee merchant, has failed. The failure is due to heavy dealings in futures. The liabilities are placed at \$223,000.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Frelinghuysen has transmitted a suggestion to the House in reference to the extradition treaty of 1842 between Great Britain and the United States. Mr. Frelinghuysen favors an addition of the following to the extraditable offenses in case the treaty is to be revised: Manslaughter, counterfeiting, embezzlement of public money, or by persons hired or salaried, larceny, perjury, rape, kidnapping, mutiny, and burglary.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs is considering a bill appropriating \$400,000 for the relief of the officers and men of the Cumberland and Monitor, for heroic services in the battle with the Merrimack in Hampton Roads.

The friends of the land-grant forfeiture bills are a good deal worked up over the action of the Judiciary Committee declaring against the forfeiture of the grant to the Rockton Railroad Company in Louisiana.

A statue of Martin Luther was unveiled in front of the Memorial Lutheran Church at Washington. About 2,000 persons witnessed the ceremonies. Justice Miller, of the United States Supreme Court, presided, Senator Conger, of Michigan, delivered the address of the day.

Ex-Speaker Randall thinks Congress will be ready to adjourn June 15.

Secretary Folger has called in for redemption \$10,000,000 in 3 per cent. bonds, maturing June 30.

Senator Hill, of Colorado, from the Senate Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, has completed his report in favor of the Senate postal-telegram bill. The report enters very largely into the management of the Western Union Company, which, it is held, makes excessive charges, and which makes enormous dividends on watered stock. Complaint is made of the refusal of the company to furnish trustworthy information to the committee.

POLITICAL.

A mass meeting of citizens and business men of New York, called to express approval of the administration of President Arthur and urge his nomination for a second term, was held at Cooper Union, in that city. Many notable New Yorkers were present. Frederick S. Winston presided. A long list of Vice-Presidents, including the names of prominent business men, was read, and resolutions in the heartiest spirit of the meeting adopted. Parker Godwin, editor of the Commercial Advertiser, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and Benj. H. Bristol were the principal speakers.

Ex-Mayor Nathan Payne, son of Henry B. Payne, of Ohio, says he believes that Tilden will be unanimously nominated, and will accept.

The Ohio Democratic State Committee met at Columbus, and decided upon holding the State convention in that city the 21st and 22nd of June. Every member of the committee present was in favor of the nomination of the old ticket.

John A. Anderson has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fifth Kansas District; E. A. Morrell by the Republicans of the First Kansas District, and C. C. Mason by the Democrats of the Fifth Indiana District.

The New Hampshire Democratic Convention, which met at Concord, commended the action of the Democratic party in the House for their efforts to reduce the tariff, and urged agitation of the question

until the revenue system is established on an honest basis and the war tariff is reduced. The delegates also urged the old ticket—Tilden and Hendricks.

To his nomination for the Presidency, made by the students of Washington and Jefferson College, in mock Republican National Convention assembled, Senator Edmonds says that he much prefers it to the real thing, as he declines to assume the embarrassments of the highest officer of the nation.

The West Virginia Greenbackers have nominated Judge E. C. Maxwell for Governor. Gen. B. F. Butler, in accepting the nomination for President by the Anti-Monopolists, expresses his assent to each measure of policy set forth in the resolutions.

A State convention favoring equal suffrage, at Flint, Mich., elected May L. Doe President, and Gov. Bezalel Vice President. A constitution and by-laws were also adopted. Mrs. Helen M. Gougar was one of the prominent speakers.

William S. Holman, of the Fourth Indiana District, who has served twenty years in Congress, was renominated last week over five competitors.

An exciting election took place in Rapides Parish, Louisiana, turning on the question of license or no license. The no-license forces were marshaled by the women of the Christian Temperance Union, who distributed tickets at the polls, pleaded with the voters, and prayed for victory. The result was a victory for the no-license party.

Lamb, the Republican candidate, was elected Mayor of Norfolk, Virginia.

FIRE RECORD.

The week's fire losses foot up as recorded below:

Losses.	Amount.
New Orleans, four stores.	\$30,000
Washington City, Willard's Hotel.	15,000
Leadville, Colo., seventeen buildings.	30,000
Plater, Mo., flouring mill.	40,000
Atlanta, Ill., dwelling house.	12,000
Worcester, Mass., woolen yarn mill.	150,000
Trenton, N. J., pork packing-house.	25,000
New Orleans, sugar house.	20,000
Cleveland, Ohio, box factory.	10,000
Pittsburgh, Ind., business block.	60,000
Suspension Bridge, N. Y., stores.	25,000
Stevens Point, Wis., saw mill and lumber yard.	20,000
Buena Vista, Pa., stores.	10,000
Lima, Ohio, business property.	10,000
Halden Spa, N. Y., tannery.	25,000
New York City, warehouse.	20,000
Troy, N. Y., knitting mill.	40,000
St. Paul, Minn., four buildings.	15,000
Cincinnati, lead pipe works.	60,000

MISCELLANEOUS.

Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, arrived in New York from Europe the other day. His health has been vastly improved by his two years' residence in Europe.

The National Convention of Wool growers, in session at Chicago last week, with 124 delegates in attendance, adopted resolutions declaring that the reduction of duties in 1883 seriously injured the sheep and wool interest, and agreeing to sustain at the polls only such men and such organizations as favor a restoration of the tariff of 1867.

About sixty gentlemen, representing the sugar, wool, rice, and other industrial interests of the country, met in Chicago in mass convention. T. D. Curtis, of Syracuse, was called to the chair. A platform was adopted claiming protection as the true policy of the United States until other nations shall pay equally high wages to workmen as we do.

Among the deaths reported for the week are those of Cardwaine, the famous English cattle-breeder; Sam Ward, the famous Washington lobbyist; Col. J. F. H. Claiborne, of Mississippi, ex-C. C. and a historian of some note; William G. Halyburton, a well-known Baltimore journalist; Judge Joshua Tracy, President of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railway; the venerable mother of Bishop Gilbert, Haven.

Laban Stephens, the accomplice of the Jones brothers in the murder of Amos Loecky, was hanged at Waverly, Ohio, on the same scaffold used at the execution of the Jones brothers. The condemned man remained firm to the last. Leonard Johnson, colored, was hanged at McDonough, Ga., for a cowardly assault committed upon an old lady in the fall of 1883. He professed repentance, and declared that he was going straight to heaven. He sold his body to a physician for \$5. A large crowd witnessed the execution. John McKeuchen, a colored murderer, was hanged at Waycross, Ga., in the presence of an immense crowd, in which women were thickly scattered. He refused spiritual consolation, and met his fate without flinching. Charles R. Clarke was hanged at Little Valley, N. Y. His crime was the murder of his wife. He protested his innocence to the last, and died with great fortitude.

A dispatch from St. Johns, N. F., says the French brig Senorine with fifty-three passengers and nine of her crew, sunk to the eastward of the Great Banks. All perished. She left St. Malo, France, on the 25th of March, laden with a general cargo, bound for Saint Peter, and succumbed to the gale on the 5th of May.

A number of Congressmen who were recently induced to speculate in oil by a broker named Lewis are reported to have lost heavily.

At Pittsburgh, Judge Acheson, with the concurrence of Justice Bradley, of the United States Supreme Court, decided that whisky in bond cannot be levied upon.

The Railway Mail Bureau has completed a schedule for daily service between New York and the City of Mexico, 3,749 miles, the average time being seven days. The Postmaster of Chicago has received orders to forward all mail for Mexico by way of El Paso.

FOREIGN.

The Bonapartist organs in Paris are deeply concerned over the decision by Prince Victor to leave the house of his father, Jerome.

Lord Randolph Churchill's speech against the exclusion of Ireland from the operation of the Gladstone franchise bill has surprised his political friends and political enemies in England. All the London daily papers comment on it.

A memorial window, the gift of an American citizen, has been placed in a church at Haworth, England, "to the glory of God, and in memory of Charlotte Bronte."

The bill amending the Irish laborers act passed last year was rejected in the British Commons last week by a vote of 138 to 75. During the debate Parnell made a bitter

attack on Trevelyan, the Irish Chief Secretary. He said the Government should not complain at the Irish members' resistance for their obstruction to necessary Irish legislation. He asked significantly whether the Government would delay such legislation until the laborers burned the roofs over their landlords' heads.

Prince Victor, the Napoleonic leader of France, has fallen heir to £40,000 from some unknown person.

Lord St. Leonards, of London, has been convicted of an indecent assault upon a servant girl.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

Col. Wm. Spence, formerly United States Marshal for the middle district of Tennessee, who shot and killed his son-in-law, Col. Edward S. Wheat, his successor, in Nashville, March 11 last, was recently convicted of murder in the first degree. A motion for a new trial was overruled, last week, Judge Allen sentencing Spence to be hanged in the jail-yard, July 18.

By a railroad collision at Savannah, N. Y., four persons were killed and a number seriously wounded.

The African Methodist Episcopal Conference at New York fixed the salaries of Bishops at \$1,500 per annum.

H. A. Collier, a prominent Pittsburgh attorney, has disappeared, and with him \$4,000 received as assignee. He leaves numerous private debts.

Adam Bravender, the President of the suspended Erie Savings Bank, is now an inmate of the county jail. An angry mob surrounded Bravender's house and threatened to lynch him. As a measure of safety he requested the authorities to put him in jail.

Thomas P. Grinnell, a New York merchant, killed himself by a pistol shot.

The surplus in the Treasury now is about \$135,000,000. Of this sum about \$20,000,000 will be needed to meet bond calls, but it is expected that at the end of the fiscal year, June 30, the surplus will be at least equal to what it is at present. The receipts at the Treasury Department exceed the expenditures of the Government now by an average of \$1,000,000 daily.

Three boilers in the sash factory of Carr, Ryder & Wheeler, at Dubuque, exploded the other day, killing five persons and seriously wounding several others. The engineer is said to have been running with but little water.

The Baptist Missionary Union, at its session in Detroit, voted to commence Christianizing work on the Congo River with the expenditure of \$30,000 per annum.

There were thirteen deaths from yellow fever in Havana last week.

A Cuban residing in New Orleans has advised that Aguero has burned the crops and sugar-houses on seven large plantations, and has been victorious in encounters with the Spanish troops.

William O'Brien, member of the English Parliament, renews his charges against French, the Chief of Government Inspectors in Ireland, and Secretary Cornwall, of the Postoffice Department. He has filed an affidavit detailing some of their alleged testial crimes, and proposes to bring them to justice, he says, at any cost.

Michael Davitt is being prevailed upon to abandon his lecture-tour around the world, and to remain at home for service in the Irish cause.

It is stated by the *Pall Mall Gazette* that the British Government has suggested to the Sultan to send 12,000 troops to the Sudan, landing them at Suakin, from whence they should march to Khartoum to the relief of Gordon. After accomplishing so much, it is provided that they should withdraw with the Anglo-Egyptian garrisons in the Sudan.

The bill restoring Alfred Hopkins to the rank of captain in the navy gave rise to a long debate in the House on May 24. Hopkins is the officer who left Pensacola without leave when the yellow fever prevailed there, and was dismissed from the service. The bill was finally passed by the House, and presented to the conference report on the bill to establish a Bureau of Animal Industry—the House conferring amendments on all the Senate amendments. The amount of the appropriation is \$100,000, and the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Agriculture is limited to such investigation and such disinfection and quarantine measures as may be necessary to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases from one State or Territory into another. The Commissioner is prohibited from applying any money toward paying for the animals it was found necessary to slaughter in order to prevent the spread of disease. The report was agreed to. A bill was passed to permit Lieut. Reynolds of the navy, to accept a decoration from the Emperor of Austria for saving eleven lives. The Senate was not in session.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
REBATES	6.25 @ 7.50
HOGS	5.25 @ 5.50
FLOUR—No. 2	6.75 @ 6.50
WHEAT—No. 2	1.00 @ .97
CORN—No. 2	1.02 @ 1.03 1/2
OATS—White	.40 @ .41
PORK—Mess	17.50 @ 18.00
BEES—Choice to Prime Steers	6.75 @ 7.25
Fair to Good	6.25 @ 6.75
Butchers'	5.10 @ 5.75
HOGS	5.50 @ 6.00
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter	6.50 @ 5.75
Good to Choice Spring	4.50 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.91 @ .91
No. 2 Red Winter	1.06 @ 1.04
CORN—No. 2	.83 @ .84 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.38 @ .39
RYE	.62 @ .63
BARLEY—No. 2	.54 @ .56
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.18 @ .20
The Dairy	.15 @ .17
CHEESE—Full Cream	.11 @ .12
EGGS—Fresh	.12 @ .14
POTATOES—Peach Blows	.24 @ .26
PORK—Mess	18.50 @ 18.75
LARD	.08 @ .08 1/2
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2	.90 @ .92
CORN—No. 2	.54 @ .55
OATS—No. 2	.31 @ .32
BARLEY—No. 2	.65 @ .66
PORK—Mess	18.00 @ 18.50
LARD	.08 @ .08 1/2
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2	1.12 @ 1.14
CORN—No. 2	.31 @ .32
OATS—No. 2	.21 @ .22
RYE	.60 @ .62
PORK—Mess	17.00 @ 17.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2	1.08 @ 1.12
CORN—No. 2	.58 @ .59
OATS—No. 2	.31 @ .32
BARLEY—No. 2	.65 @ .66
PORK—Mess	17.75 @ 18.25
LARD	.08 @ .08 1/2
DETROIT.	
FLOUR	6.50 @ 7.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White	1.47 @ 1.08 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.58 @ .59
OATS—No. 2	.37 @ .38
PORK—Mess	20.00 @ 20.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2	1.01 @ 1.03
CORN—No. 2	.54 @ .55
OATS—No. 2	.31 @ .32
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best	6.00 @ 6.25
Pigs	5.50 @ 5.75
COMB	2.75 @ 3.25
HOGS	5.80 @ 5.75
SHEEP	4.50 @ 5.00

BUTLER IS WILLING.

His Letter Accepting the Anti-Monopoly Nomination for the Presidency.

Tilden Indorsed by New Hampshire and Nebraska Democrats—Other Political Conventions.

Nebraska Democratic Convention. The Democrats of Nebraska met in convention at Lincoln and selected the following delegates at-large to the Chicago convention: James E. Boyd, J. Sterling Morton, W. H. Munger, and Tobias Castor. They are all for Tilden. No other name was mentioned during the convention except Tilden's. The following platform was adopted:

1. We, the delegates of the Democratic party of the State of Nebraska, in convention assembled, submit the following platform of reforms and measures:

1. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government, and we heartily concur in the sentiment that no reform of administration is possible so long as the Government is directed by a party which is under the domination of false doctrine and animated by enormous pecuniary interests in the perpetuation of existing abuses; that the first effectual step in the reform of our Government must be a fundamental change in the policy of its administration.

2. That in view of the unequal and discriminating operation of the existing tariff and the unjust and excessive burdens imposed upon the people, we are in favor of a revision which shall limit it to the production of the necessary revenues of the Government economically administered; that it should be so adjusted as to prevent, as far as possible, unequal burdens upon labor, and to bear most heavily on articles of luxury, and lightly on articles of necessity. We believe such a revision of the tariff laws, simplified in their operation and administration, will result in decreasing the growth of monopolies, prevent the oppression and spoliation of labor, and the unequal distribution of wealth, and abolish special and class legislation.

Resolved, That our fathers, under the lead of Thomas Jefferson, rescued our republic from the control of Federalism, and the alien and seditious laws of the elder Adams, so will the Democratic party of 1884, if united, hurl the Republican party from power, and re-elect Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks President and Vice President of the United States of America.

New Hampshire Democratic Convention.

The Democratic State Convention of New Hampshire assembled at Concord and accomplished its work in three hours. It was unanimously for Tilden and Hendricks and generally in favor of the Morrison bill. Frank Jones, Henry O. Kent, Frank A. MacLean, and Wm. Sullivan were chosen delegates at-large. No instructions were given, but, as the unanimous sentiment of the convention preferred the "old ticket," they will support it at the national convention. Chairman H. W. Parker denounced resolutions were adopted declaring against all laws tending to the centralization of power, wealth, and political influence; demanding a reduction of the war tariff; commending the Democratic majority of the House in their recent efforts for tariff reform, and insisting on no cessation of their efforts until the revenue system is re-established on an honest basis, and calling for a thorough reform of tariff, financial, and administrative affairs. The resolutions also arraign the Republican party as false to the interests of the people, and assert their condemnation of "the great crime of 1876, a wrong we propose to right and make impossible hereafter."

Gen. Butler's Acceptance.

Gen. Butler accepts the nomination of the National Anti-Monopoly organization for President of the United States. The following is his letter of acceptance:

LOWELL, Mass., May 21, 1884.

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to receive your courteous note giving me the action of the convention at Chicago on the 14th inst. of the representatives of anti-monopoly. The honor of the designation by such a body as this, candid for the Presidency, and so highly appreciated. Concurring with each measure of public policy set forth in the resolutions, I need only to add that if the votes of the electors shall intrust me with the executive powers of that high office, each of them will be fully, justly, and energetically used to make every measure of relief to the people and reform in the Government pointed out by your platform the principles characterizing the administration. Accept for yourselves, personally, my most grateful consideration.

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER.

West Virginia Greenbackers.

The West Virginia Greenback State Convention met at Buckhannon and nominated Judge Edwin C. Maxwell, of Harrison County, for Governor; J. T. Burt, Auditor; Spencer W. Surra, of Marion County, Treasurer; and J. N. Kendall, of Ritchie County, Superintendent of the Free Schools. Judge Maxwell is a Republican. The rest of the State ticket is left for the Republicans to name, and the two parties will meet in the October election as well as November. The nomination of electors was left to the Executive Committee.

Tennessee Prohibition Convention.

The Tennessee State Prohibition Convention, with four hundred delegates, convened at Nashville. Enthusiastic speeches were made, and the temperance cause in Tennessee reported in a satisfactory condition. The convention declined to put forth a separate ticket or to mix politics and temperance in any way. The delegates, however, pledged themselves to vote for candidates who favored submitting the question of a constitutional prohibition amendment to the people.

SMALL TALK.

MARK TWAIN is learning to ride a bicycle. Look out for a new book.

MR. STORY, the sculptor, is at work on a new bust of Gen. Washington.

J. J. RAY, Davis, Mo., inventor of a self-lifting water wheel, went crazy over it last week.

THE total number of separate farms in the United States is 4,000,000, and their aggregate value is \$19,000,000,000.

At Madison, Ky., Thomas Gentry's dog caught a twelve-pound pike in the river, and brought it ashore in his teeth.

A COLORED preacher in Buffalo gave notice to his congregation that he wanted less shouting and more money in the future.

A SON of Patrick Finnell, of Danbury, Conn., only